

WiseCable™ Heritage Series for Stairs Installation Instructions on Wood or Metal Posts

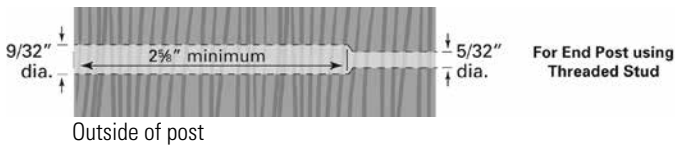
A. Drill Posts

Hole size for 1/8" dia. cable installation

Neither the threaded stud nor the Pull-Lock will reach all the way through wood end posts, so you will need to add post protector tubes to the inside face of your end posts to protect the wood from the cable as it exits the post at the stair angle.

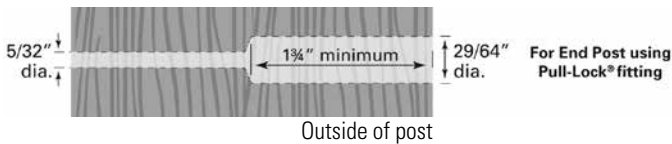
End post for Threaded Stud:

Drill all the way through the post with a 5/32" bit.
Drill 2-5/8" into face of end post, with a diameter of 9/32" for hardwoods, 15/64" for fir.



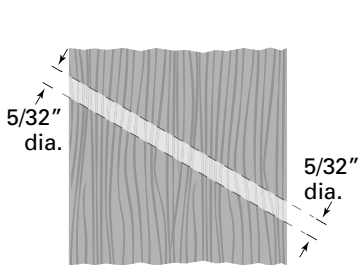
End post for swageless Pull-Lock fitting:

Drill all the way through the post with a 5/32" bit.
Drill a 29/64" dia. hole a minimum of 1-3/4" into face of other end post.

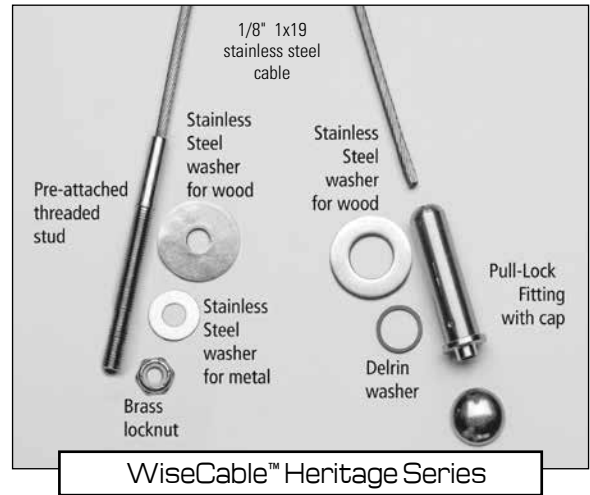


Intermediate posts are drilled on the angle.

Hole size for 1/8" dia. cable installation



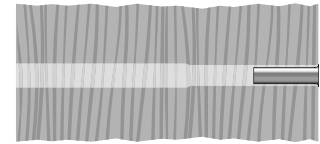
Snapping a string line from both top and bottom connection points may help determine the angle of the diagonal hole through the posts.



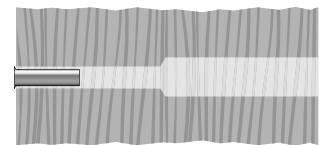
B. Install Tensioning Terminal

1. If a wood post, insert the post protector tube first into the face of both end posts. Force each tube into post so it is flush with post face.

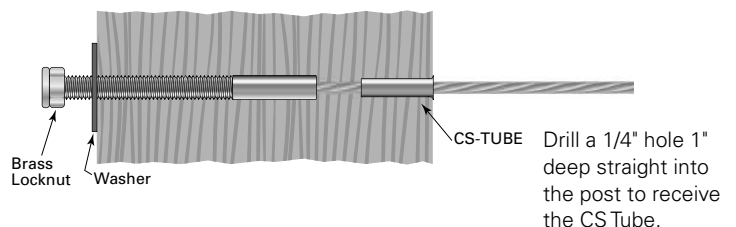
End Post using Threaded Stud



End Post using Pull-Lock®

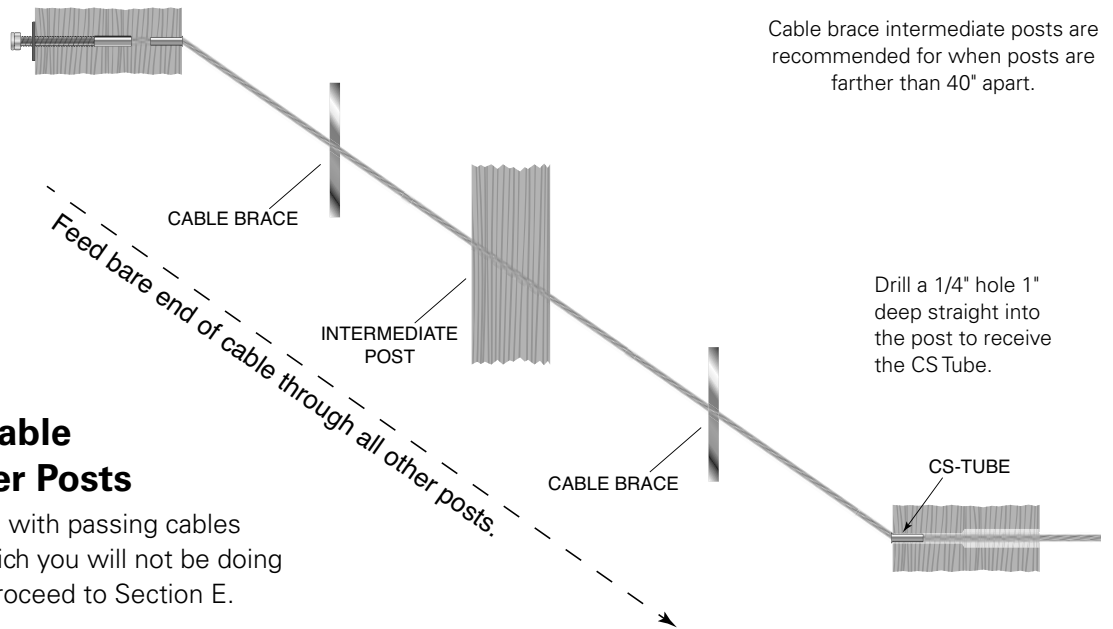


2. Slide the stainless steel washer onto the threaded stud (smaller for metal post, larger for wood) and start the brass locknut onto the threads as far as possible by hand. Feed the cable through the end post, pulling the threaded stud into place.



C. Feed Cable through Intermediate Posts

1. Pass bare end of cable through intermediate post(s), and through other end post (which includes post protector tube if wood post).

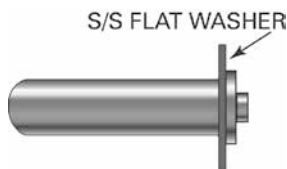


D. Feed/Crimp Cable through Corner Posts

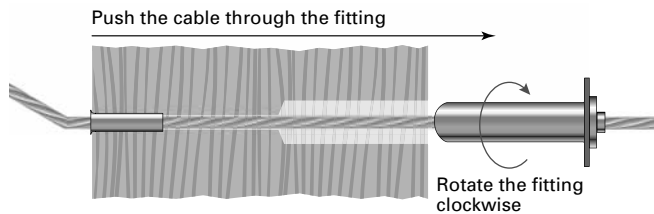
As this section deals with passing cables through corners, which you will not be doing with stairs, please proceed to Section E.

E. Install Swageless Terminal

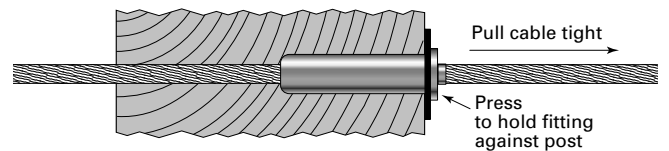
1. Push the bare cable through the other end post and mark the cable at the point where it enters the end post.
2. Slip the appropriate washer over the body of the Pull-Lock fitting



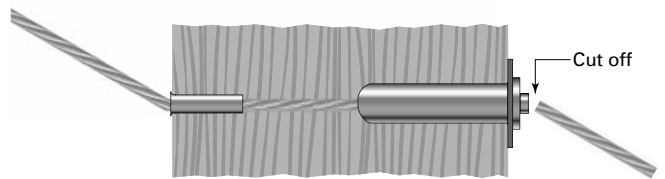
3. Rotate the Pull-Lock fitting clockwise as you push it onto the cable. If the cable begins to "unravel," you are rotating the fitting in the wrong direction.



4. Push the Pull-Lock fitting along the cable and firmly into the hole in your post. Pull on the cable (cable gripping pliers are helpful for this) to create as much tension as possible as you seat the Pull-Lock fitting into the hole.

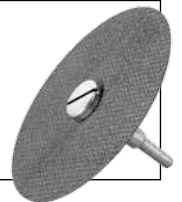


5. Cut the cable flush with the hole in the back of the fitting using a cut-off wheel.

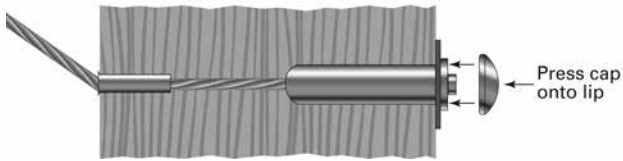


Cut-off Tool

Used to cut cable flush with the end of the Pull-Lock fittings, and to cut excess threads off stud-type Receivers. Includes mandrel and two cut-off wheels. Order **CUT-OFF KIT**

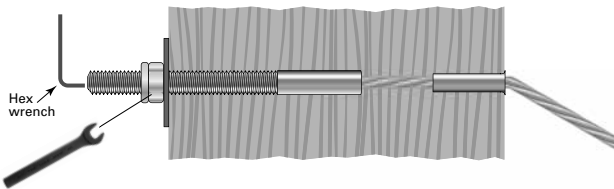


- Press the cap onto the lip of the Pull-Lock fitting.



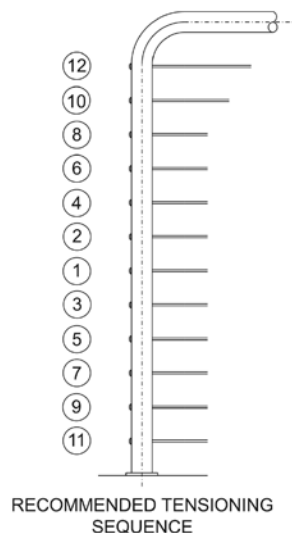
F. Tension Cables

- Return to the Threaded Stud end post. Insert an 1/8" hex wrench into broached opening on the tip of the stud. Tighten the locknut with a 7/16" open end wrench while holding the hex wrench to prevent the stud from turning.

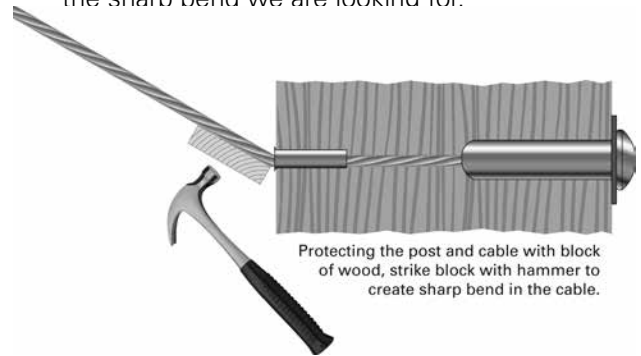


Drill a 1/4" hole 1" deep straight into the post to receive the post protector tube.

- Tension all cables in sequence, beginning with the center cables, moving up and down toward the top and bottom. As you tension each cable, give it a sharp pull downward mid-span to help set the wedges, then re-tension as necessary in the same sequence.

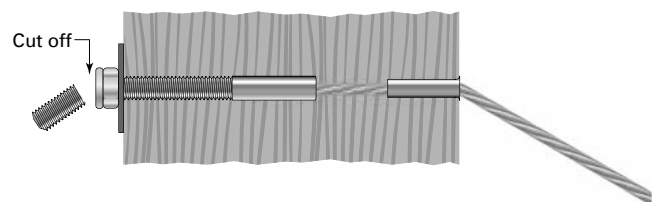


- At both ends of the run, you are going to create a sharp bend in the cable where it exits the post (post protector tube in the wood post) by placing a block of wood (for protection of the post) on the cable next to the post / tube at the face of each post and striking it with a hammer. This will create the sharp bend we are looking for.



If tension has diminished slightly as a result of the bending of the cable, re-tension the threaded stud back up to desired amount, as in Step F-1.

- When all of the cables are tight, cut off any exposed thread as near to the locknut as possible by using a cut-off wheel or hack saw.



- If you have purchased the optional nut cap, press the cap over the locknut.

